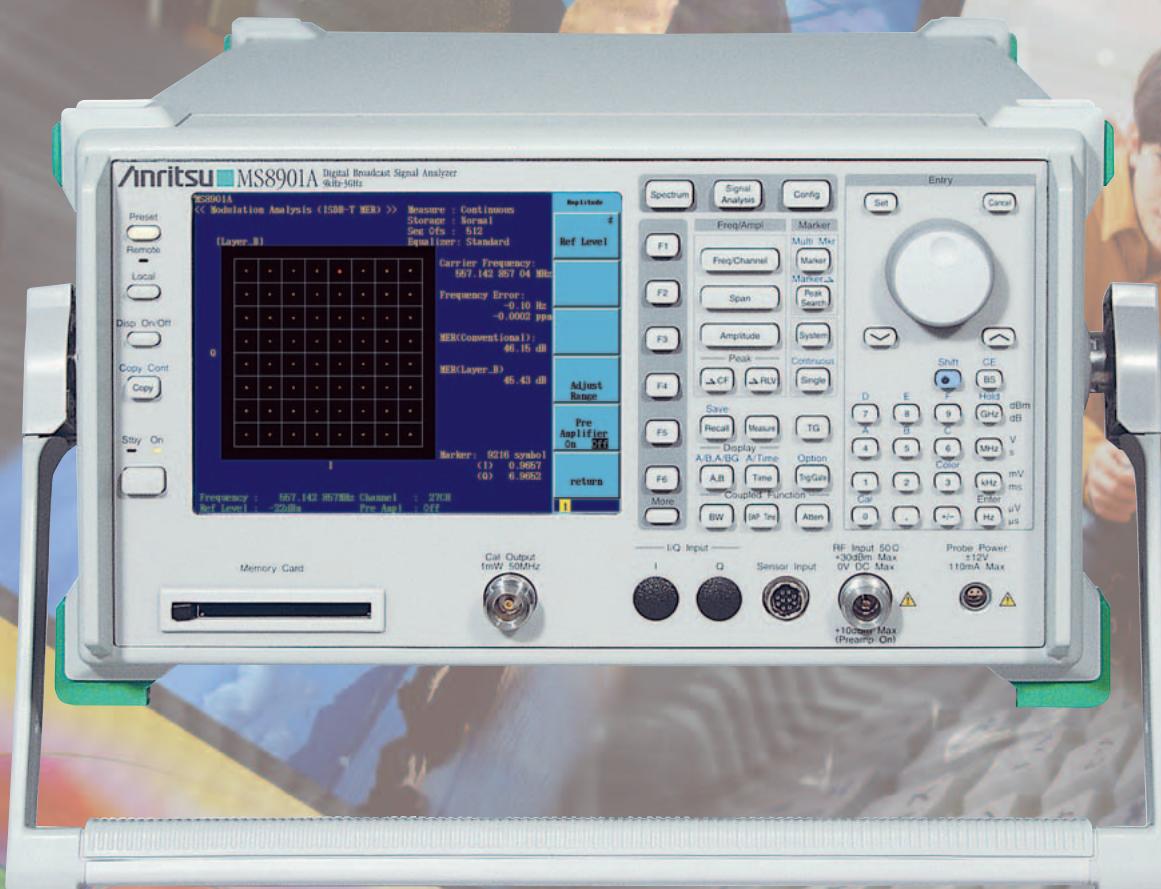


MS8901A

Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer

9 kHz to 3 GHz





Fusion of RF Microwave and DSP Technologies

MS8901A Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer analyzes the signals very accurately, in the various kinds of fields like development and manufacturing field or maintenance field to manage service area or transmission station. MS8901A is equipped with spectrum analyzer of highly dynamic-range. This analyzer is realized to analyze broad band vector signal, by using the frequency converter with superior SSB phase noise characteristic, in conjunction with frequency characteristic. Up to three signal analyzing software can be installed into the platform, which can analyze the digital terrestrial broadcasting signals.

MS8901A

Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer
9 kHz to 3 GHz



Excellent Basic Performance

SSB Phase Noise Characteristics of High Purity

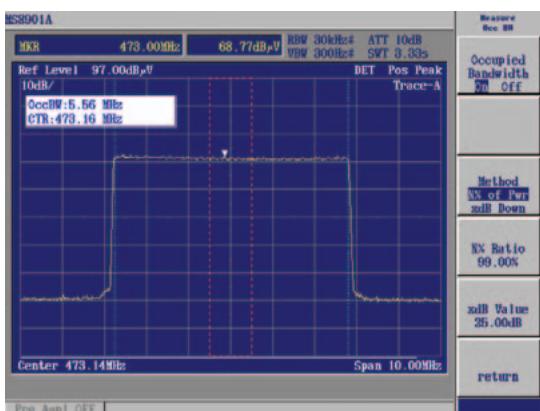
MS8901A uses the synthesizer, of which SSB phase noise characteristic is -95 dBc/Hz (1 kHz offset typ.) and -108 dBc/Hz (10 kHz offset) as local signal source. The performance of the frequency converter, which is an important component for the signal analysis of the digital broadcasting, is highly improved.

IF-stage SAW Filter

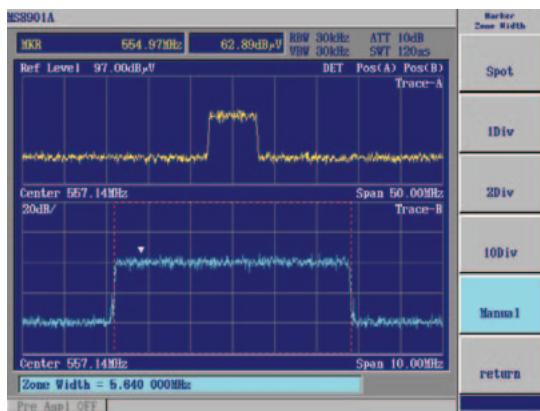
To assure high channel selectivity for field measurement, the MS8901A has a SAW filter at the IF processing stage. The combination of SAW filter and digital filter at the DSP stage offers greatly improved selectivity.

High-performance Spectrum Analyzer

MS8901A includes the spectrum analyzer as standard equipment. This analyzer features various display screens and major functions, which enables to measure frequency counter, occupied bandwidth, and channel power.



Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth



Double-screen Display

Dynamic Range

When analyzing the digital broadcasting signal, lower level of noise floor characteristic is required for the nonlinear components like mixer or preamplifier used for the frequency converter. The frequency converter included within MS8901A is equipped with spectrum analyzer and vector signal analyzer, both of which is highly dynamic range. Together with this, this frequency converter compresses 1 dB gain within $+3$ dBm and includes -148 dBm/Hz floor noise (-163 dBm/Hz at preamplifier).

High-level DSP Technology

The MS8901A uses high-performance digital signal processing functions with a 14 bit A/D converter to assure superior analog front-end performance.

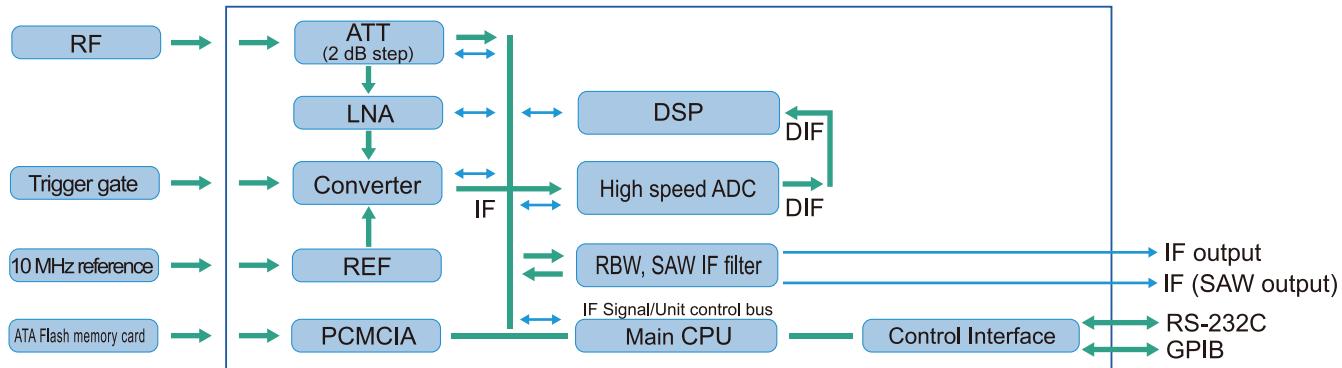
Speeds-up System and Device Production Lines

The fast, 20-times-a-second refresh rate of the spectrum analyzer plus 120 bps GPIB interface supports faster measurement with higher production efficiency on system and device production lines.

All-in-One

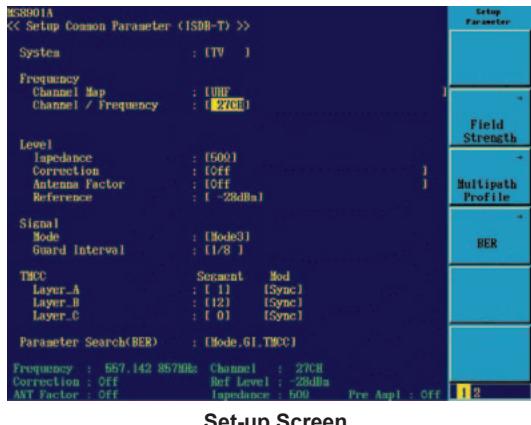
Two Functions in One Unit

The MS8901A Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer combines a spectrum analyzer and vector signal analyzer in a convenient modular platform supporting all the functions needed for measuring digital broadcast signals. The efficient system bus linking each module supports a system-independent platform.



Easy-to-Navigate User Interface

Parameter for each digital broadcasting system is arranged, according to each function. Complicated operation is unnecessary and the user can switch to the desired measurement status easily. Color VGA is employed to show the detailed waveform beautifully in the measurement screen. RGB connector of rear panel can be used to take out the measurement screen and this screen is to be displayed on the monitor.



Set-up Screen

System Upgrade

The MS8901A is easily tailored to each broadcast system by installing measurement software with functions matching the system requirements.

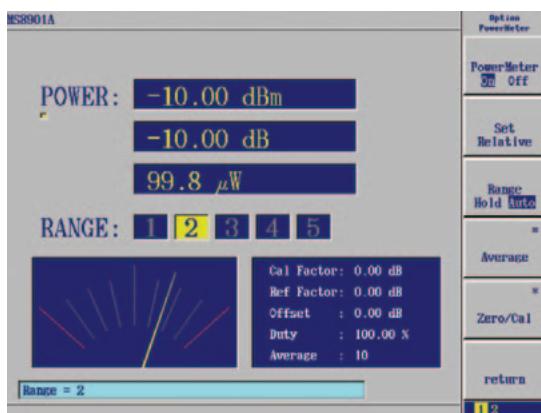
PCMCIA Card Slot

For the external memory interface, the ATA flash memory card is employed. The measurement data or the parameter setting status in the field can be saved on a flash card. The measurement screen can be saved as bit map file in monochrome or color optionally and used to make reports. Measurement data can be saved as CSV format file, too.

Power Measurement of High Accuracy

Power Meter Function (Option)

MS8901A includes the power meter function which enables to measure up to 32 GHz. Only by installing the power sensor to the front connector, high-accurate power measurement is realized.

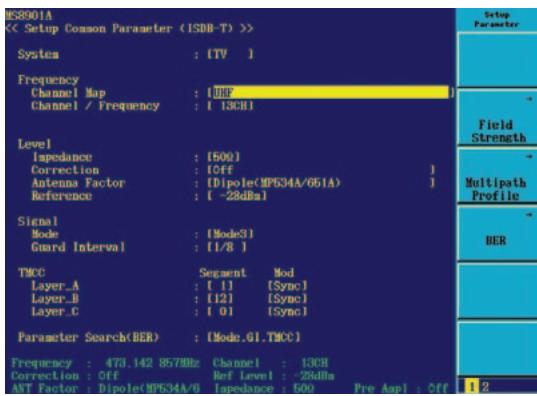


Power Measurement

MX890110A ISDB-T Field Test Software

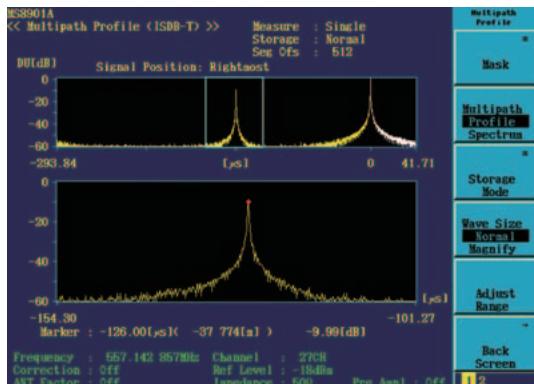
For SFN Field Maintenance

SFN measurements include not only field strength measurement for general-purpose field maintenance but also essential delay profile measurements. The MX890110A ISDB-T Field Test Software is an all-in-one measurement solution for field maintenance of ISDB-T service networks. Installing it in the MS8901A supports transmitter and repeater measurements when used in combination with the spectrum analyzer functions.



Delay Profile Measurement

Delay profiles are easily measured to assure monitoring of multipath effects caused by changes in ground geography. Moreover, in an SFN environment, sometimes the delay wave appears before the wanted wave (pre-ghosting); these pre-ghosting faults can be analyzed in the actual field environment, helping optimize the repeater, etc., installation location design.

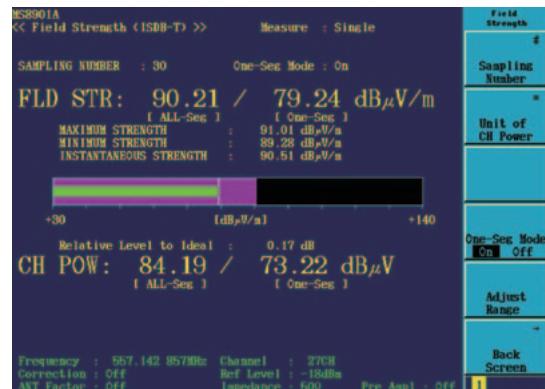


Repeater Bypass Echo Analysis

To assure that SFN network repeaters use the same frequency at the input and output sides, the repeater output is bypassed to the input side to generate echo. The echo can be analyzed using the delay profile measurement function because the same characteristics as the delay profile are displayed.

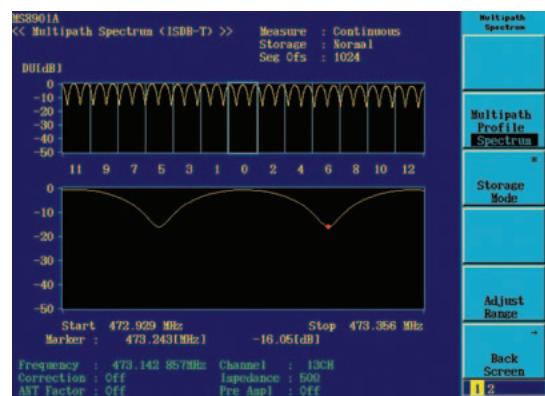
Precision Field Strength Measurement

The built-in SAW filter and DSP technology used in the MS8901A support high-accuracy measurement of the field strength of all segments in one channel as well as just the one segment. Using DSP, the on-air ISDB-T 5.57 MHz band power can be measured with high accuracy. Furthermore, the antenna factor can be calibrated (frequency data set via ATA flash-memory card) and displayed as dB μ V/m. The measured level is displayed as a power graph, supporting antenna angle adjustment, etc.



Multipath Analysis in Frequency Domain

The multipath spectrum measurement function measures the frequency selectivity fading caused by multipaths. This is very useful when managing severe delays at SFN repeater send time adjustment, etc.



For ISDB-T SFN Installation and Field Maintenance Repeater Bypass Canceller Operation Test

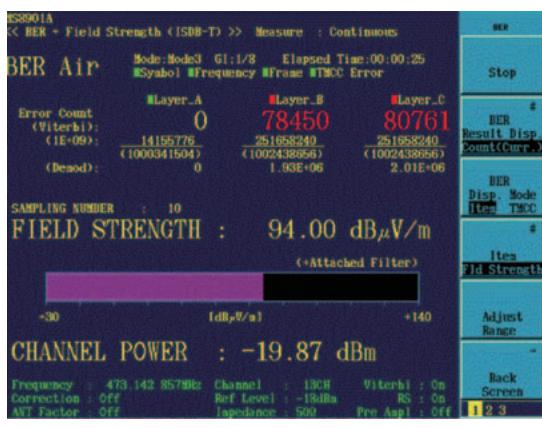
When a canceller is used to suppress repeater bypass, the frequency ripple generated by echo becomes flat. The multipath spectrum measurement function can be used to accurately measure how much the ripple is improved.

MU890100A ISDB-T Demodulation Unit

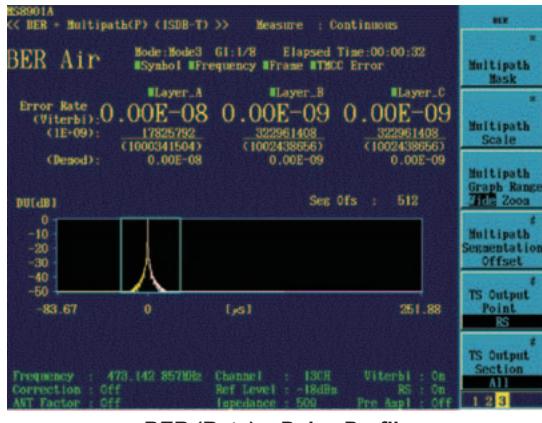
Installing the MU890100A ISDB-T Demodulation Unit in the MS8901A supports real-time demodulation of terrestrial digital signals when used in combination with the MX890110A ISDB-T Field Test Software. This is a powerful tool supporting BER evaluation of on-air and pseudorandom signals as well as service area inspection and Rx tuner evaluations for monitoring video and audio. The Rx signal can be analyzed and evaluated from various perspectives by simultaneously measuring and displaying the BER, delay profile and field strength for each layer supporting BER, delay profile and field strength measurement.

Field Strength and Delay Profile can be Measured as well as BER Measurement

Parameter for each digital broadcasting system is arranged, according to each function. Complicated operation is unnecessary and the user can switch to the desired measurement status easily. Color VGA is employed to show the detailed waveform beautifully in the measurement screen. RGB connector of rear panel can be used to take out the measurement screen and this screen is to be displayed on the monitor.



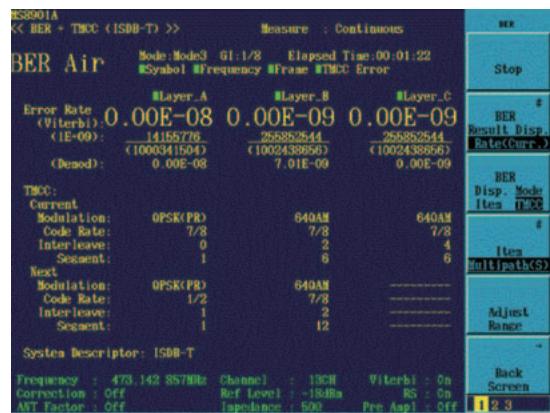
BER (Count) + Field Strength



BER (Rate) + Delay Profile

Transmission Parameter Monitor Function

From the received signal, Mode, GI and transmission parameter for each layer (TMCC) can be extracted and then monitored. TMCC information includes the current parameter and next one at a time.



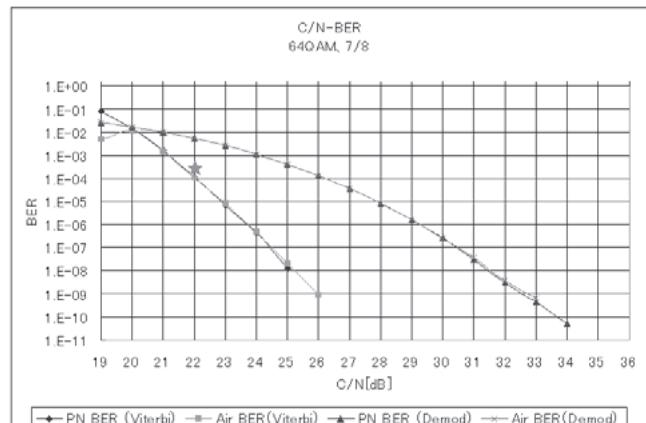
BER (Count) + Field Strength

External TS Output Function

With this external TS output function, demodulated MPEG-TS signal can be output to the external instrument through DVB-ASI interface. By connecting MPEG decoder and image monitor as the external instrument, real-time image and sound can be monitored. Besides, the layer of the output signal can be selected.

Note: This instrument does not include the scramble

BER Measurement Result Example



MX890120B ISDB-T Signal Analysis Software

All-in-one for Broadcast Equipment Measurements

The MX890120B ISDB-T Signal Analysis Software is application software for the MS8901A. Installing it in the MS8901A supports the MER measurements needed for manufacturing and maintaining ISDB-T terrestrial digital transmitters and repeaters, as well as for signal analysis using constellation displays, etc. In addition, when used with the MS8901A spectrum analyzer function, it supports the many measurements needed for manufacturing inspection and operation of transmitters and repeaters.

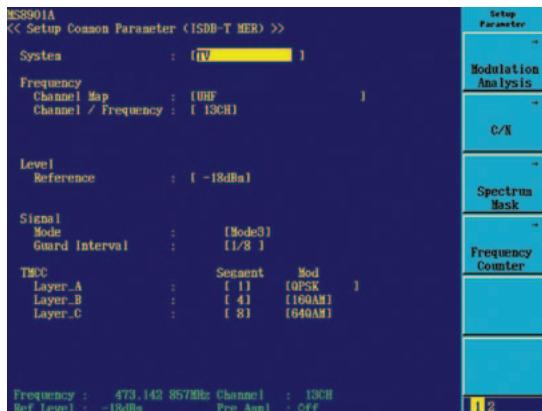
MS8901A + MX890120B Measurement Items

Frequency error, signal strength, occupied bandwidth, spectrum mask, spurious, phase noise characteristics, amplitude frequency measurement, IM measurement, MER measurement, constellation monitoring, delay profile (requires MX890110A).

Constellation Monitoring

The constellation for each layer can be displayed according to the each layer segment specifications at the TMCC setting of the Setup Parameter screen.

Extremely fast measurement is achieved using high-speed DSP. As shown in the following diagram, all ISDB-T modulations can be analyzed and data signals such as TMCC and AC can be displayed as a constellation to evaluate fault locations.

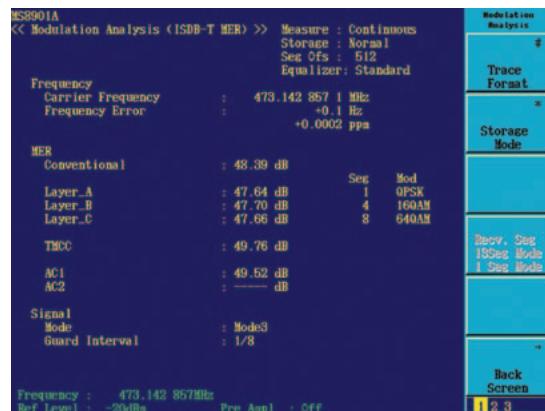


Modulation Frequency Measurement

The center carrier frequency and frequency error of the 5.57 MHz OFDM modulation signal can be measured with a high accuracy of ± 0.15 Hz (Mode 3, 64QAM). In addition, the frequency range from 32 MHz to 1 GHz covers the entire spectrum from the public (nominal) IF (37.15 MHz) to all UHF channels.

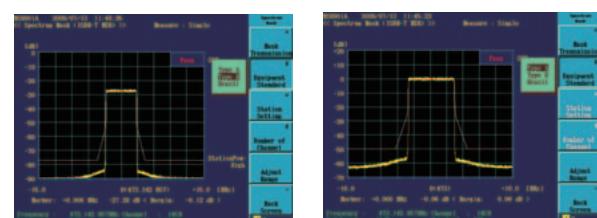
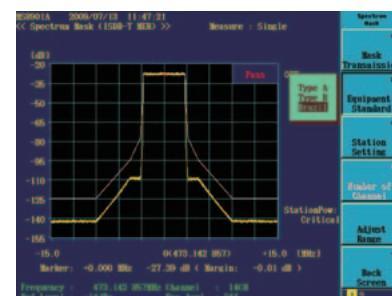
MER (Modulation Error Ratio) Measurement Function

The Modulation Error Ratio (MER) is defined as the ratio of the vector error power converted from the ideal constellation point to the power of the ideal constellation point. MER is used by the European DVB standard as an index of the OFDM modulation signal quality. The MX890120B supports MER measurement for all modulation signals, as well as simultaneous MER measurement for each layer and MER measurement for data signals, such as TMCC and AC.



Spectrum Mask Conformance Test

Compliance with the Tx spectrum mask standardized by laws governing radio installations can be checked automatically. In addition, any spectrum mask standard line can be set in three ways.



Complete ISDB-T Signal Analysis Functions

Equalizer Operation Switching Function

The modulation analysis mode can be switched between the Standard mode, which is compatible with the previous MX890120A, and the Advanced mode. The Advanced mode is best for field use in a multipath environment and supports constellation and MER analysis. Even in a multipath environment like that in Figure 2, the waveform behavior can be confirmed using both MER analysis, like in Figure 1, as well as constellation monitoring, making it a useful field troubleshooting tool.

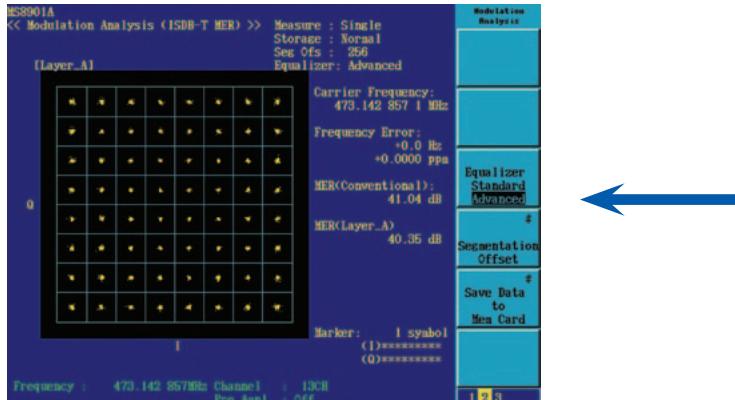


Figure 1 Advanced Mode: Constellation Monitor Screen

Transmission Parameter Detection Function

Inputting the input signal frequency (channel) at ISDB-T signal analysis allows one-touch detection and setting of transmission parameters (Mode, GI, TMCC data).

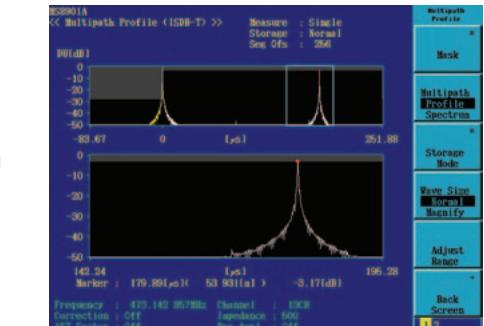
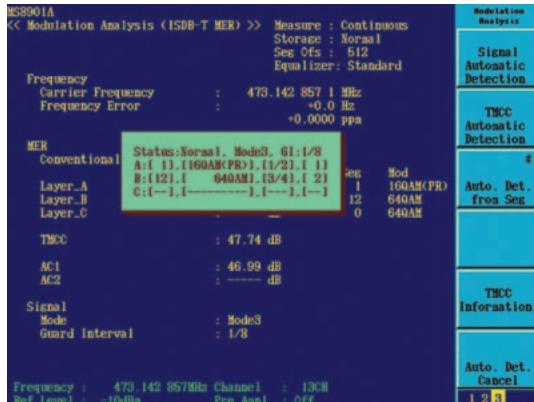
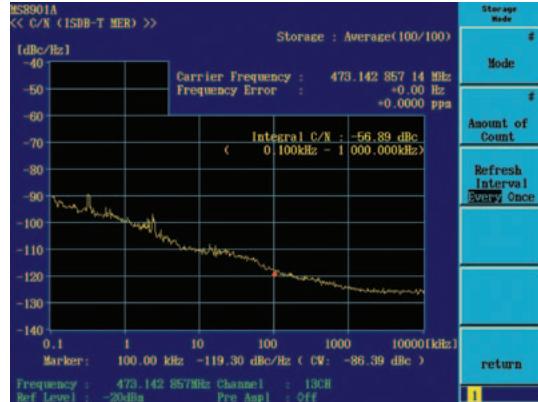


Figure 2 Delay profile measurement screen using MX890110A ISDB-T Field Test Software

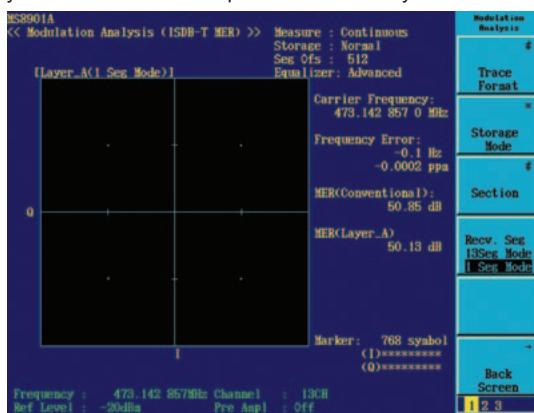
C/N, C/N Integer Function

The integrated results for any range of C/N curve described in the specification like JEITA transmitter handbook, etc., can be calculated and displayed using this function.



One Segment Analysis Function

The only one segment of the ISDB-T signal can be measured to display the constellation and perform MER analysis.



Frequency Counter Functions

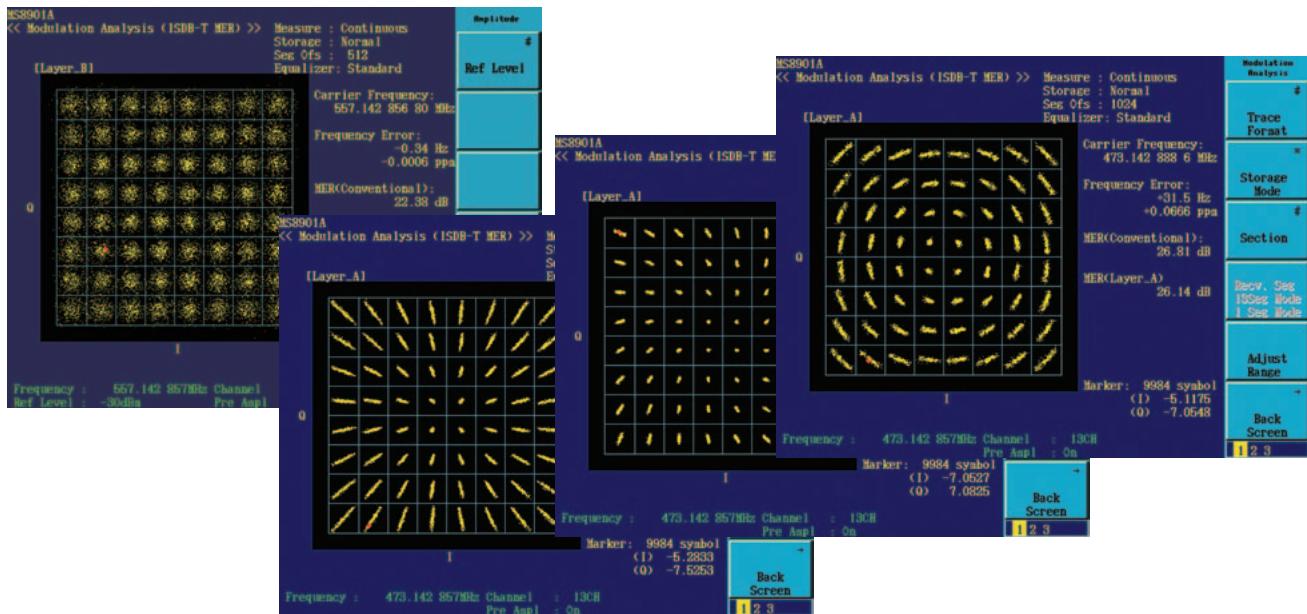
The frequency counter function can be used to measure the continuous waveform over a range of 3.9 MHz to 1000 MHz at a display resolution of 0.01 Hz.



For R&D and Design Ranging from ISDB Devices to STB

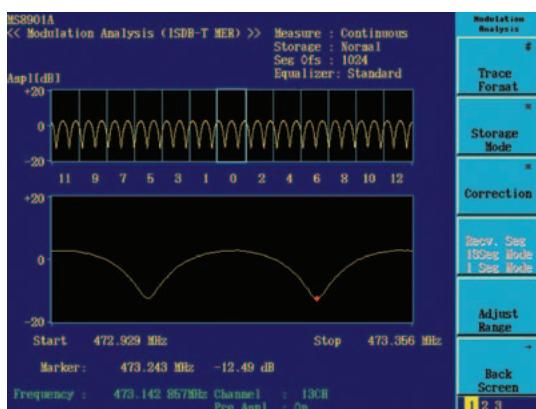
Constellation Monitor Function

The constellation monitor function is a useful tool for troubleshooting faults based on their behavior. In addition, the MER measurement function is useful for managing MER and easy determination of aging of device and CN.



Frequency Characteristics Measurement

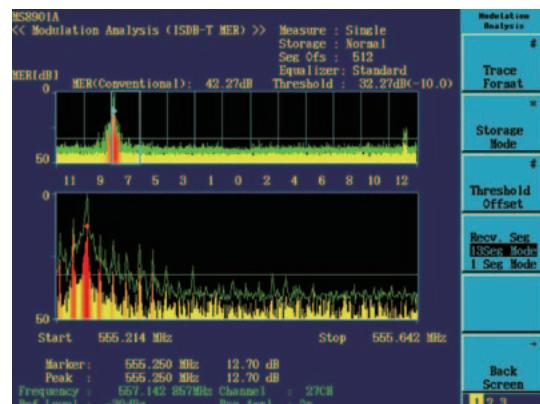
This function displays the 5.57 MHz in-band frequency characteristics using SP and CP in the OFDM modulation signal. The in-service frequency characteristics of transmitters and repeaters can be monitored using the modulation signal. Moreover, since there is a correction function, combination with a digital broadcast signal generator supports simple measurement of frequency characteristics like using a network analyzer. After the MS8901A and digital broadcast signal generator have been calibrated while directly linked and the frequency characteristics have been flattened, the 5.57 MHz band frequency characteristics of a device inserted between them can be measured.



OFDM In-band Interference Analysis

(Sub-carrier MER measurement)

Signals (such as interference) hidden in the ISDB-T signal band can be analyzed for each sub-carrier. This is useful for field analysis of waveform quality, and in-circuit crosstalk or interference.



Specifications

• MS8901A Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer

Except where noted otherwise, specified values were obtained after warming up the equipment for 30 minutes at a constant ambient temperature and then performing calibration. The typical values are given for reference, and are not guaranteed.

| | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Frequency | Frequency range | 9 kHz to 3.0 GHz |
| | Setting frequency resolution | Minimum 1 Hz |
| | Frequency read out accuracy | \pm (frequency readout \times reference frequency accuracy + span \times span accuracy + resolution bandwidth \times 0.15 + 10 Hz) |
| | Marker frequency readout accuracy | Normal: Same as frequency readout accuracy Delta: Same as frequency span accuracy |
| | Frequency counter | Resolution: 1, 10, 100 Hz, 1 kHz Accuracy: \pm (frequency readout \times reference frequency accuracy + 1 LSD + 2 Hz) (S/N \geq 20 dB) |
| | Frequency span | Setting range: 0 Hz, 1 kHz to 3.1 GHz Accuracy: \pm 1.0% |
| | Resolution bandwidth (3 dB BW) (RBW) | Setting range: 300 Hz to 3 MHz (1-3 sequence), 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 20 MHz (manually or automatically settable according to frequency span) Bandwidth accuracy: \pm 20% (RBW = 300 Hz to 10 MHz), \pm 40% (RBW = 20 MHz) Selectivity (60 dB: 3 dB): \leq 15:1 |
| | Video bandwidth (VBW) | 1 Hz to 3 MHz (1-3 sequence), Off (manually or automatically settable according to resolution bandwidth) |
| | Signal purity | Noise side bands: \leq 108 dBc/Hz (1 GHz, 10 kHz offset), \leq 120 dBc/Hz (1 GHz, 100 kHz offset) |
| | Reference oscillator | Frequency: 10 MHz Aging rate: \leq 2 \times 10 $^{-8}$ /day, \leq 1 \times 10 $^{-7}$ /year (referred to frequency after 24 hours warm-up) Temperature characteristics: \pm 5 \times 10 $^{-8}$ (0° to 50°C, referred to frequency at 25°C) |
| Amplitude | Level measurement | Measuring range Average noise level to +30 dBm (preamplifier Off) Average noise level to +10 dBm (preamplifier On) Maximum input level +30 dBm (CW average power, input attenuator: 10 dB, preamplifier Off), \pm 0 V (DC) +10 dBm (CW average power, preamplifier Off) Average noise level: Preamplifier On \leq 139 dBm + 2 \times f [GHz] dB (1 MHz to 2.5 GHz) Preamplifier Off \leq 124 dBm + 2 \times f [GHz] dB (1 MHz to 2.5 GHz) \leq 120 dBm + 2 \times f [GHz] dB (2.5 GHz to 3 GHz) (input attenuator: 0 dB, RBW: 300 Hz, VBW: 1 Hz) Residual response: \leq 100 dBm (1 MHz to 3.0 GHz) (input attenuator: 0 dB, input: 50Ω termination) |
| | Reference level | Setting range Preamplifier Off Log scale: -100 to +40 dBm or equivalent level Linear scale: 2.24 μ V to 22.4 V Preamplifier On Log scale: -120 to +10 dBm or equivalent level Linear scale: 0.224 μ V to 707 mV Unit Log scale: dBm, dB μ V, dBmV, dB μ V (emf), W, dB μ V/m Linear scale: V Reference level accuracy: Preamplifier Off \pm 0.75 dB (+0.1 to +30 dBm), \pm 0.5 dB (-49.9 to 0 dBm), \pm 0.75 dB (-69.9 to -50 dBm), \pm 1.5 dB (-80 to -70 dBm) Preamplifier On \pm 0.75 dB (-19.9 to +10 dBm), \pm 0.9 dB (-69.9 to -20 dBm), \pm 1.1 dB (-89.9 to -70 dBm) *After calibration, at 50 MHz frequency, span 1 MHz (when input attenuator, resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth, and sweep time set to AUTO) Resolution bandwidth switching uncertainty: \pm 0.3 dB (300 Hz to 5 MHz), \pm 0.5 dB (10 MHz, 20 MHz) *After calibration, referenced to resolution bandwidth 3 kHz Input attenuator (input attenuator) Setting range: 0 to 62 dB, 2 dB step (manually or automatically settable according to reference level) Switching uncertainty: Preamplifier Off \pm 0.3 dB (10 to 50 dB), \pm 0.5 dB (52 to 62 dB) *After calibration, referenced to input attenuator 10 dB Preamplifier On \pm 0.5 dB (10 to 50 dB), \pm 1.0 dB (52 to 62 dB) *After calibration, referenced to input attenuator 10 dB Input attenuator switching mode: 2, 10 dB step mode |

| | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Frequency | Frequency response | Referred to 50 MHz frequency, input attenuator 10 dB, temperature 18° to 28°C ± 0.6 dB (preamplifier Off) ± 1.0 dB (preamplifier On) Referred to 50 MHz frequency, input attenuator 10 to 62 dB ± 1.0 dB (preamplifier Off) ± 2.0 dB (preamplifier On) |
| | Scale fidelity | Scale: 10 div Log scale: 10, 5, 2, 1 dB/div Linear scale: 10, 5, 2, 1%/div Linearity (after calibration) Preamplifier Off Log scale: ± 0.4 dB (0 to -20 dB, RBW ≤ 1 kHz), ± 1.0 dB (0 to -90 dB, RBW ≤ 1 kHz) Linear scale: $\pm 4\%$ of reference level Preamplifier On Log scale: ± 0.5 dB (0 to -20 dB, RBW ≤ 1 kHz), ± 1.0 dB (0 to -60 dB, RBW ≤ 1 kHz), ± 1.5 dB (0 to -75 dB, RBW ≤ 1 kHz) Linear scale: $\pm 5\%$ of reference level Marker level resolution Log scale: 0.01 dB Linear scale: 0.02% of reference level |
| | Spurious response | 2nd harmonic distortion: ≤ -60 dBc (10 MHz to 200 MHz, mixer input level -30 dBm) ≤ -72 dBc (0.2 GHz to 0.85 GHz, mixer input level -30 dBm) ≤ -70 dBc (0.85 GHz to 1.5 GHz, mixer input level -30 dBm) 3rd order intermodulation distortion: ≤ -70 dBc (10 MHz to 100 MHz), -85 dBc (0.1 GHz to 3.0 GHz) *Frequency reference of two signal: ≥ 50 kHz, mixer input level -30 dBm Image response: ≤ -70 dBc |
| | 1 dB gain compression | At mixer input level Preamplifier Off ≥ 0 dBm (≥ 100 MHz), $\geq +3$ dBm (≥ 500 MHz) Preamplifier On ≥ -35 dBm (≥ 100 MHz) |
| | Maximum dynamic range | 1 dB gain compression vs. Averaging noise level 124 dB $- 2f$ [GHz] dB (≥ 100 MHz) |
| | Frequency response | In frequency sweep Setting range: 10 ms to 1000 s (manual settable, or automatically settable according to span, resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth) Setting resolution: 5 ms (10 ms to 1 s), most significant 3-digits (≥ 1 s) Accuracy: $\pm 3\%$ |
| Frequency domain | Sweep mode | Continuous, Single |
| | Trigger switch | Freerun, Triggered |
| | Trigger source | Wide IF Video, Line, Ext (± 10 V), Ext (TTL) |
| | Gate mode | Off, Random sweep mode Gate delay: 0 μ s to 65.5 ms, resolution 1 μ s Gate length: 2 μ s to 65.5 ms, resolution 1 μ s Gate end: Internal/External |
| | Zone sweep | Sweeps only in frequency range indicated by zone marker |
| | Tracking sweep | Sweeps while tracking peak points within zone marker (zone sweep also possible) |
| Time domain | Sweep time | Setting range: 1 μ s to 1000 s Setting resolution: 1, 2, 5 sequence (1 μ s to 50 μ s), 100 μ s (100 μ s to 4.9 ms), 5 ms (5 ms to 1 s), Most significant 3-digits (> 1 s) Accuracy: $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Trigger switch | Freerun, Triggered |
| | Trigger source | Wide IF Video, Video, Line, Ext (± 10 V), Ext (TTL) |
| | Trigger delay | Pre-trigger: Display waveform before triggering Setting range: $-$ (time span) to 0 s Setting resolution: bigger value between (time span)/500 ns or 100 ns Post-trigger: Display waveform before triggering Setting range: 0 μ s to 65.5 ms Setting resolution: 100 ns (sweep time ≤ 4.9 ms), 1 μ s (sweep time ≥ 5 ms) |

| | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Function | Numbers of point | 501,1001 points |
| | Detection mode | Normal, Positive Peak, Negative Peak, Sample, Average Normal: Simultaneously displays max. and min. points between sample points Positive Peak: Displays max. points between sample points Negative Peak: Displays min. points between sample points Sample: Displays momentary value at sample points Average: Displays average value between sample points |
| | Display function | Trace-A, Trace-B, Trace-Time, Trace-A/B, Trace-A/BG, Trace-A/Time |
| | Trace calculation | $A \rightarrow B$, $B \rightarrow A$, $A \leftrightarrow B$, $A + B \rightarrow A$, $A - B \rightarrow A$, $A - B + DL \rightarrow A$ |
| | Storage function | Normal, Max Hold, Min Hold, Average, Linear Average, Cumulative, Over Write |
| | Signal search | Auto Tune, Peak \rightarrow CF, Peak \rightarrow REF, Scroll |
| | Zone marker | Normal, Delta |
| | Marker function | Marker \rightarrow CF, Marker \rightarrow REF, Marker \rightarrow CF Step Size, Δ Marker \rightarrow Span, Zone \rightarrow Span |
| | Peak search | Peak, Next Peak, Min Dip, Next Dip, Next Right Peak, Next Left Peak |
| | Multi marker | Number of points: 10 max. (Highest 10, Harmonics, Manual Set) |
| General specification | Measurement function | Noise power: dBm/Hz, dBm/CH, dBV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ C/N: dBc/Hz, dBc/CH Occupied bandwidth: power N% method, X dB Down method Adjacent channel leakage power: 2 channels \times 2, graphic display Average power of burst signal: average power in designate time range of time domain waveform Channel power: dBm/Hz, dBm, dB μ V, dB μ V (emf), dBmV, dB μ V/m Template comparison measurement: upper/lower limits \times each 2 (time domain) MASK: upper/lower limits \times each 2 (time domain) |
| | Correction | The user can correct frequency response optionally, max. 150 points |
| | Display | Color TFT-LCD, Size: VGA 17 cm (6.5" Type), 4096 colors (RGB, 16-scale settable) |
| | Hard copy | Display data can be hard-copied via the parallel interface (model corresponded to PCL Level 3 or less, ESC/P-J83 or J84) |
| | PC card interface | PC-ATA card or Compact Flash card (3.3 V/5 V) can be accessed Function: Save/recall measurement settings and waveform data, Save bitmap files of waveform display Connector: PC Card Type I or Type II |
| | RS-232C | Can be controlled as device from external controller (excluding power switch) Baud rate: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2 k, 38.4 k, 56 k, 115 kbps Connector: D-Sub 9 pins, plug |
| | GPIB | Function: Meets to IEEE488.2 Can be controlled as device from external controller (excluding power switch) Interface function: SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0, E2 |
| | Parallel interface | Based on centronics, output printing data to printer Connector: D-Sub 25 pins, jack |
| | Input connector | N-type connector, jack 50 Ω , VSWR: 1.5 typ. (input attenuator 10 dB) |
| | IF output | BNC, 50 Ω nominal value Frequency: 10.69 MHz/66 MHz Output level: -10 dBm typ. (frequency 100 MHz, at upper edge of display scale) |
| Others | Wideband IF output | BNC, 50 Ω nominal value Frequency: 60.69 MHz/66 MHz Gain: 0 dB typ. (frequency 100 MHz, input attenuator 0 dB) |
| | Video output (Y) | BNC, 75 Ω nominal value Output level: 0 to 0.5 V ± 0.1 V (log scale), 0 to 0.4 V ± 0.1 V (linear scale) (frequency 100 MHz, at upper edge of display scales) |
| | Video output | Analog RGB, Connector: D-Sub 15 pins, jack |
| | External reference signal input | BNC connector, Frequency: 10 MHz ± 10 Hz, 13 MHz ± 13 Hz, Level: ≥ 0 dBm (50 Ω termination) |
| | Buffered output | BNC connector, Frequency: 10 MHz, Output level: 2 to 5 Vp-p (200 Ω termination) |
| | Sweep output (X) | BNC connector Output level: 0 to 10 V ± 1 V (100k Ω termination, from left edge to right edge in display scale, single sweep) |
| | Sweep status output (Z) | BNC connector, Output level: TTL (when sweeping, at low level) |
| | Probe source | 4-pin connector, +12 V, -12 V, each $\pm 10\%$, each max 110 mA |
| | Trig/Gate input | BNC connector Input level: ± 10 V (0.1 V resolution), or TTL level |
| | Dimension | 320 (W) \times 177 (H) \times 411 (D) mm (exclude handle, legs, front cover, fan cover) |
| Others | Mass | ≤ 16 kg (nominal value) |
| | Power supply (operating range) | 85 V(ac) to 132 V(ac), 170 V(ac) to 250 V(ac) (automatic voltage change), 47.5 Hz to 63 Hz, ≤ 400 VA |
| | Temperature range | Operating: 0° to +50°C, \le RH85%, Storage: -20° to +60°C |
| | EMC | EN61326-1, EN61000-3-2 |
| | LVD | EN61010-1 |

* Typical value and nominal value are reference data, so that not warrant them as spec.

• Option

Option 01: Precision Frequency Reference Oscillator

| | |
|---|---|
| Frequency | 10 MHz |
| Aging rate | $\leq 5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day (referred to frequency after 24 hours warm-up) |
| Temperature stability | $\leq 5 \times 10^{-10}$ (0° to 50°C, referenced to frequency at 25°C) |
| Warm-up time within $\leq 5 \times 10^{-8}$ | 7 minutes typ. (at 25°C) |

Option 02: Narrow Resolution Bandwidth

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Resolution bandwidth | Setting range: 1 Hz to 1 kHz (1-3 sequence) Switching uncertainty: ± 0.5 dB *Reference to RBW 3 kHz (analog) Resolution bandwidth accuracy: $\pm 10\%$ (RBW = 30 Hz, 300 Hz) $\pm 10\%$ typ. (RBW = 1, 3, 10, 100 Hz, 1 kHz) Selectivity (60 dB: 3 dB): $\leq 5: 1$ |
| Span | Minimum span setting: 100 Hz |
| Average noise level | At Input attenuator: 0 dB, RBW: 1 Hz, Preamplifier Off ≤ -146.3 dBm + $1.5 \times f$ [GHz] dB (typ.) (1 MHz to 2.5 GHz) ≤ -144.3 dBm + $1.5 \times f$ [GHz] dB (typ.) (2.5 GHz to 3 GHz) |

Option 04: Digital Resolution Bandwidth

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Resolution bandwidth | Setting Range: 10 Hz to 1 MHz (1-3 sequence) Resolution Bandwidth Accuracy: $\pm 10\%$ (RBW \geq 100 Hz), $\pm 10\%$ (RBW \leq 30 Hz, typ.) Resolution Bandwidth Selectivity: $\leq 5: 1$ (RBW \geq 100 Hz), $\leq 5: 1$ (RBW \leq 30 Hz, typ.) Resolution Switching Deviation: ± 0.5 dB (Referenced to RBW = 3 kHz) |
| Detection mode | Normal, Positive Peak, Negative Peak, Sample, RMS RMS: Displays RMS Value between sample points |
| Span | Setting Range: Minimum 1 kHz |
| Detection mode | At Input attenuator: 0 dB, RBW: 10 Hz Preamplifier Off ≤ -134.5 dBm + $1.5 \times f$ [GHz] dB (typ.) (1 MHz to 2.5 GHz) ≤ -130.5 dBm + $1.5 \times f$ [GHz] dB (typ.) (2.5 GHz to 3 GHz) |

Option 09: Ethernet Interface

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Function | Controlled by the external computer (Except power switch) |
| Connector | 10BASE-T |

Option 18: Low IF/IQ Unbalance Input

Refer to next page.

Option 21: Power Meter (Option 41 is an option retrofit)

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Outline | High accuracy electric power measurement in frequency range of 100 kHz to 32 GHz can be performed. |
| Frequency range | 100 kHz to 32 GHz |
| Level range | -10 to +20 dBm |
| Conformity power sensor | MA4601A, MA4701A, MA4703A, MA4705A |
| Readout | Selection of W, dBm, and dB (Relative) is possible. Digital 4 figure display, 20% of over range |
| Power range | 4 range/10 dB step (The measurement level range is indicated to the standard of Power sensor.) |
| Change of range | Automatic, Manual (A setup to ranges arbitrary regardless of Range hold and Input level is possible.) |
| Equipment accuracy | $\pm 0.7\%$ (W mode) ± 0.03 dB (dBm mode, dB (Relative) mode) *If ZERO ADJ key is pushed, it will adjust to a zero point automatically. |
| Zero set | $\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale typical. (100 μ W range of the highest sensitivity) |
| Zero movement between ranges | $\pm 0.2\%$ of full scale (It is 100 μ W range of the highest sensitivity and is after zero set.) |
| Oscillator for calibration | Frequency: 50 MHz Level: 1 mW $\pm 1.2\%$ (For one year) Averaging: Setting is possible in four stages in sample rate time. |

Option 34: 4 GHz LO Output

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Frequency | 4 GHz |
| Frequency accuracy | $\pm (4 \text{ GHz} \times \text{Reference frequency accuracy}) \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$ |
| Output Level | -10 dBm (typ.) |
| Spurious | ≤ -40 dBc (typ.) |

Option 46: Auto Power Recovery

| | |
|---------|---|
| Outline | Cancels the power switch on front panel and automatically recovers to power-on after power failure. |
|---------|---|

* This equipment enters the standby state when the line has to be disconnected and reconnected, because power switch on front panel doesn't have latch function.

If this equipment is built into remote systems, please install this option.

Option 47: Rack Mount (IEC)

| | |
|---------|--|
| Outline | Attachment of rack mount which meets IEC spec The standard tilt handle is eliminated when rack mount kit is attached. |
|---------|--|

Option 48: Rack Mount (JIS)

| | |
|---------|--|
| Outline | Attachment of rack mount which meets JIS spec The standard tilt handle is eliminated when rack mount kit is attached. |
|---------|--|

Option 53: High Accuracy Modulation Frequency Measurement (Option 73 retrofit)

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Outline | Measures the center frequency of the OFDM modulation wave of the software sold separately (MX890120B) with high accuracy. |
| Frequency display | Displays the measured result of the center frequency in 0.01 Hz unit. (0.1 Hz, heretofore) |
| Frequency accuracy | Refer to the Section 1.2 "Product Configuration" and 1.4 "Specifications" of the Operation Manual MX890120B for details on the Specifications of the frequency accuracy. |

• **Option 18: Low IF/IQ Unbalance Input**

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Input format | Low IF, IQ Unbalanced selectable When Low IF is selected, only the I connector is valid (unbalanced input). | |
| Measurement item | Modulation analysis only | |
| Function, performance | (Function and performance equivalent to modulation analysis when RF is input) • Equalizer function • Reception segment switch function • Constellation • Frequency characteristics • Segmentation offset • Signal parameter automatic detection • Sub-carrier MER | |
| Frequency setting range | 250 kHz to 5 MHz, 1 Hz steps | |
| Impedance | 1MΩ (parallel capacity <100 pF) or 50Ω selectable | |
| Input level range | 0.1 to 1.0 Vp-p (unbalanced input, via input pin) DC connection or AC connection selectable | |
| Modulation analysis | When one OFDM modulation signal wave conforming to ISDB-T is input | |
| | Frequency lock range | +99 kHz |
| | Frequency measurement accuracy | (When 1 Seg is selected for reception segment switch function) • When Terminal: Low IF-DC or IQ-DC selected Impedance: 50Ω Mode: Mode3 Guard interval: 1/8 Segmentation offset: 512 Modulation mode: 64QAM partial reception signal Input level: 0.1 V (rms) Average count: 5 times for 1 Seg signal. ±0.3 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy × measurement frequency) • When option: The MS8901A-53 or the MS8901A-73 is installed Impedance: 50Ω Mode: Mode3 Guard interval: 1/8 Segmentation offset: 512 Modulation system: 64QAM partial reception signal Input level: 0.1 V (rms) Average count: 5 times for 1 Seg ±0.15 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy × measurement frequency) When average count: 40 in the above condition ±0.1 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy × measurement frequency) |
| | MER measurement item | Conventional (total), Layer_A, Layer_B, Layer_C, TMCC, AC1, AC2 |
| | Residual MER | (When 1 Seg is selected for reception segment switch function) Conventional value when terminal: Low IF-DC or IQ-DC selected Impedance: 50Ω Mode: Mode3 Guard interval: 1/8 Segmentation offset: 512 Modulation mode: 64QAM partial reception signal In-put level: 0.1 V (rms) Average count: 10 times for 1 Seg signal. ≥50 dB (507.9 kHz typ.) 507.9 kHz: Frequency of 1/16 of FFT clock (512 MHz/63 MHz) |

• **MX890110A ISDB-T Field Test Software (MU890100A ISDB-T Demodulation Unit)**

The specifications of the MX890110A Field Test Software shown in the table below.

These specifications are based on when the MX890110A is installed in the MS8901A. For performance specifications, each value is assumed to be obtained from measurement by implementing calibration after 30 minute preheating under constant ambient temperature conditions and then executing Adjust Range immediately before measurement.

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Frequency | Channel Map | <p>The following frequencies can be set according to the item selected for Channel Map:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> General: A frequency from 32 MHz to 1000 MHz can be set in steps of 1 Hz Interim-1: A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 13$ to 32 (channels) can be set. $473 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ Interim-2: A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 13$ to 32 (channels) can be set. $473 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.15 \text{ MHz}$ VHF: A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 1$ to 12 (channels) can be set. $1 \leq N \leq 3: 93 + (N-1) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ $4 \leq N \leq 7: 173 + (N-4) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ $8 \leq N \leq 12: 195 + (N-8) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ UHF: A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 13$ to 62 (channels) can be set. $473 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ CATV: A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 13$ to 63 (channels) can be set. $13 \leq N \leq 21: 111 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ $N = 22: 167.142857 \text{ MHz}$ $23 \leq N \leq 63: 225 + (N-23) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ UHF (Brazil): A frequency calculated from the following expression with $N = 14$ to 69 (channels) can be set. $473 + (N-14) \times 6 + 0.142857 \text{ MHz}$ |
| | Spectrum direction (only when Channel Map is set to General) | Normal and Reverse can be selected for the spectrum direction based on the Spectrum setting. |
| Level | The reference level setting method can be switched between the manual setting by a user (Ref Setting) and the automatic setting (Adjust Range). | |
| | Reference level (Ref setting) | Preamplifier Off: -28 to +10 dBm (setting resolution: 2 dB) Preamplifier On: -48 to -10 dBm (setting resolution: 2 dB) |
| | Adjust range | This is a function used to set the reference level automatically. The reference level is determined by measuring the input power for the full frequency band. |
| | Refer to BER | The MS8901A measures BER for each layer at the Adjust Range execution and sets the reference level so that the measured result becomes optimal. (This function is valid when the MU890100A ISDB-T demodulation unit is installed and also the measurement is carried out on the BER screen) |
| Receiver performance (Valid for measurement on the Field strength screen when Channel Map is not set to General.) | Detuning characteristics | Attenuation with preamplifier Off, input attenuator 0 dB, 101 dB μ V (emf) input: OFDM signal conforming to ISDB-T $\geq 35 \text{ dBc } (\pm 6 \text{ MHz offset}), \geq 50 \text{ dBc } (\pm 12 \text{ MHz offset})$ CW signal $\geq 46 \text{ dBc } (-3.25 \text{ MHz offset}), \geq 54 \text{ dBc } (-7.75 \text{ MHz offset}), \geq 46 \text{ dBc } (+4.25 \text{ MHz offset}),$ $\geq 54 \text{ dBc } (+8.75 \text{ MHz offset})$ |
| | 2-tone 3rd-order intermodulation distortion | Preamplifier Off, input attenuator 0 dB, CW signal, 93 dB μ V (emf) input, 2-tone signal frequency difference 6 MHz: $\leq -56 \text{ dBc}$ Preamplifier On, input attenuator 0 dB, CW signal, 73 dB μ V (emf) input, 2-tone signal frequency difference 6 MHz: $\leq -53 \text{ dBc}$ |
| | 1 dB gain compression | Preamplifier Off, input attenuator 0 dB, OFDM signal conforming to ISDB-T: $\geq 107 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V (emf)}$ Preamplifier On, input attenuator 0 dB, OFDM signal conforming to ISDB-T: $\geq 78 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V (emf)}$ |
| Field strength (Valid when Channel Map is not set to General.) | For J1032 UHF bandpass filter input when the supplied 30 cm coaxial cable and J1032 UHF bandpass filter are connected to the RF input connector (The loss is automatically corrected only for 5.57 MHz band when Channel Map is set to Interim-1 or Interim-2.) At RF input connector end when Channel Map is set to UHF, VHF, or CATV. | |
| | Voltage measurement | Range: 43 to 123 dB μ V (emf) (preamplifier Off), 27 to 103 dB μ V (emf) (preamplifier On) Accuracy: $\pm 2 \text{ dB}$ (average value from sampling count of 100) Resolution: 0.01 dB Noise floor: $\leq 35 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V (emf) (preamplifier Off)}, \leq 19 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V (emf) (preamplifier On)}$ (At RF input terminal, average value from sampling count of 100) |
| | Field strength measurement | Range: Voltage measurement range + cable loss + antenna factor (The cable loss and antenna factor can be corrected by the Correction function and Antenna Factor function respectively.) Unit: dB μ V/m Sampling count: 1 to 100 points Display system <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Instantaneous value: Displays instantaneous field strength Maximum value: Displays the maximum field strength for the number of measurement samples Minimum value: Displays the minimum field strength for the number of measurement samples Average value: Displays the average field strength for the number of measurement samples Bar graph: Displays the instantaneous field strength on a bar graph Display system for 1-segment measurement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Displays the field strength of the central one segment (0.43 MHz bandwidth). Displays simultaneously with 13 segments' field strength Bar graph: Displays the instantaneous field strength of the central one segment. Displays simultaneously with that of 13 segments Relative value: Displays the theoretical figure calculated from the 13-segments' field strength and the relative value from the 1-segment field strength |

| Channel power | | Displays the voltage and power (5.57 MHz bandwidth) from RF input connector Unit: W, dBm, dBmV, dB μ V, dB μ V(emf) Range: -70 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off, typ.), -86 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On, typ.) Display system for 1-segment measurement: Displays the channel power of the central 1 segment (0.43 MHz bandwidth) Displays simultaneously with the 13 segments' channel power | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---------|------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Delay profile | Measurement using a signal conforming to the Digital Terrestrial Broadcasting system | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mode | Mode1, Mode2, Mode3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Guard interval | 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TMCC | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>Segment</th><th>Modulation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Layer A</td><td>1 to 13</td><td>Sync/Diff</td></tr> <tr> <td>Layer B</td><td>1 to 12</td><td>Sync/Diff</td></tr> <tr> <td>Layer C</td><td>1 to 11</td><td>Sync/Diff</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total number of segments for Layer A to Layer C is 13 The number of segments for Layer C is automatically set to the value calculated from the following expression: 13 – (segments for Layer A) – (segments for Layer B) Sync: Synchronous modulation Diff: Differential modulation | | Segment | Modulation | Layer A | 1 to 13 | Sync/Diff | Layer B | 1 to 12 | Sync/Diff | Layer C | 1 to 11 |
| | Segment | Modulation | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Layer A | 1 to 13 | Sync/Diff | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Layer B | 1 to 12 | Sync/Diff | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Layer C | 1 to 11 | Sync/Diff | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mode, GI auto setting | Sets the mode and guard interval automatically by analyzing an input signal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D/U | <p>Display range: -60 to 0 dB Can be switched among -20, -30, -40, -50, -60 Marker resolution: 0.01 dB D/U accuracy Input signal: RF input level: 63 dBμV (emf) or greater (Preamplifier Off), 43 dBμV(emf) or greater (Preamplifier On) Modulation system: Synchronous modulation (for all segments), By using a 2-wave evaluation signal with the averaging count of 10: ±2 dB (-3 dB \geq D/U $>$ -20 dB) ±3 dB (-20 dB \geq D/U $>$ -30 dB) Evaluation signals (delay time/level): Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 0.95 GI/-3 dB Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 1.48 μs/-3 dB Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 0.95 GI/-20 dB Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 3.69 μs/-20 dB Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 0.95 GI/-30 dB Path1: 0 s/0 dB, Path2: 6.27 μs/-30 dB</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delay time | <p>Display range: Fixes the screen display range/ can switch to the variable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixing the range – (1/12 of valid symbol length) to (1/4 of valid symbol length) Varies the range: 5 types of display range can be selected – (2/48 of valid symbol length) to (14/48 of valid symbol length) – (5/48 of valid symbol length) to (11/48 of valid symbol length) – (8/48 of valid symbol length) to (8/48 of valid symbol length) – (11/48 of valid symbol length) to (5/48 of valid symbol length) – (14/48 of valid symbol length) to (2/48 of valid symbol length) <p>Valid range: 0 μs to Guard interval length Marker resolution: 0.123 μs</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display method | Entire display: Displays all measured results of delay profile Magnified display: Magnifies a part of Entire display. (Two scaling factors can be selected in the Delay Profile screen.) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Marker | D/U ratio and delay time can be read using a marker in Magnified display A delta marker is available | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mask | A standard line can be displayed on the Delay Profile display screen 0 μ s or shorter: -28 dB From 0 μ s to Guard interval length: -3 dB Guard interval length or longer: -28 dB | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Relative level | Display range: -60 to 0 dB Can be switched among -20, -30, -40, -50, -60 Marker resolution: 0.01 dB | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | Display range: ±2.79 MHz Marker resolution: 1 kHz | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display method | Entire display: Displays all measured results of multipath spectrum Magnified display: Magnifies a part of Entire display | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Marker | Frequency and relative level can be read using a marker in Magnified display. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average (on the Delay Profile screen only) | Times: 2 to 100 Method LOG: Averages the D/U value and relative level value in dB units. LIN: Converts the D/U value and relative level value once to a antilog value for averaging. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

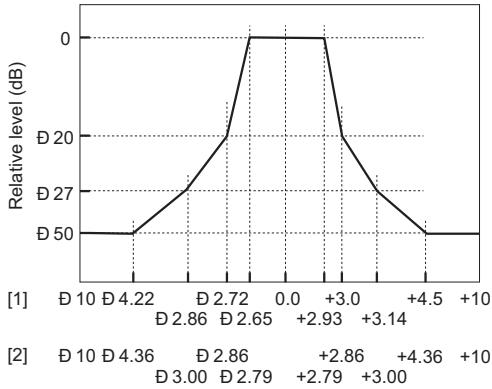
| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Level correction | Antenna factor | Type: Corr-1 to Corr-5, OFF No. of points: Up to 150 points Type: Dipole (MP534A/MP651A), Log-1 (MP635A), Log-2 (MP666A), User-1 to User-4, OFF No. of points: Up to 150 points |
| | Impedance switch | 50Ω 75Ω: The insertion loss of the MA1621A impedance converter is automatically corrected. |
| BER measurement (Valid when MU890100A ISDB-T demodulation unit is installed) | Measurement using a signal conforming to the Digital Terrestrial Broadcasting system | |
| | BER mode | Can be switched between PN and Air. |
| | BER measurement | Two measurement functions of PN BER measurement and Air BER measurement are available. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PN BER: Possible only when the measurement target is PN.• Air BER: Possible even if the measurement target is not PN, such as an actual image. The following selections are available when measuring. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The BER measurement mode can be selected from the single mode (Single) and continuous mode (Continuous).• The BER measurement result display method can be selected from the following according to the combination of Rate/Count and Current/Last: Rate (Current), Rate (Last), Count (Current), Count (Last) |
| | | PN BER measurement BER measurement is performed using a PN pattern. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target data: Can be selected from After demodulation, After Viterbi decoder, and After RS decoder.• PN pattern: Can be selected from PN9, PN15, and PN23.• Range: Can be set by measuring time (1 to 359999 s (= 99 h 59 m 59 s), in steps of 1 s)• Result display: Can be switched between Rate and Count.• BER output: The measurement target data can be output. In this event, the target layer can be selected from A, B, and C. Air BER measurement BER measurement is performed by actual broadcasting. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target data: Can be selected from After Viterbi decoder (BER measurement after demodulation) and After RS (BER measurement after Viterbi decoder).• Measuring bits: 1e5, 1e6, 1e7, 1e8, 1e9, 1e10• TS output: The measurement target data can be output with the packet length of 188 bytes, regardless of the target data type. In this event, the target layer can be selected from A, B, C, and All. |
| | Transmission parameter automatic search | The target items for the transmission parameter automatic search function can be selected from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mode, GI, TMCC: The mode, guard interval, and TMCC are automatically searched.• TMCC: The TMCC is automatically searched. |
| | TMCC information monitor | The information of the following items can be automatically obtained and displayed from the received signals. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• System identification: ISDB-T (TV)/ISDB-TSB (radio)• Transmission parameter switching index: 1 to 15 frames before switching/normal value• Emergency alarm broadcasting start flag: Emergency alarm (starting is controlled)/ None (starting is not controlled)• Partial reception flag (TV): PR (partial reception)/None• Format identification flag (radio): 1 segment/3 segments• Carrier modulation system (for each layer): DQPSK/QPSK/16QAM• Convolution code ratio (for each layer): 1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 5/6, 7/8• Interleave length (for each layer): 0, 4, 8, 16 (Mode1) 0, 2, 4, 8 (Mode2) 0, 1, 2, 4 (Mode3)• Number of segments (for each layer): 1 to 13, unused (TV) |
| | | Synchronization The status of the following synchronization is displayed in green (synchronized) and red (not synchronized): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Symbol synchronization: Synchronized (green)/not synchronized (red)• Frequency synchronization: Synchronized (green)/not synchronized (red)• Frame synchronization: Synchronized (green)/not synchronized (red) TMCC error The TMCC error status is displayed in green (no error) and red (error). Green (no error)/Red (error) PN synchronization (for PN BER measurement only) The PN synchronization status is displayed in green (synchronized) and red (not synchronized). When PN was once not synchronized but now synchronized, it is displayed in yellow. Error for each layer The BER measurement status for each layer (A/B/C) is displayed in green (no error), red (error), and yellow (currently no error but an error existed before). |
| | Buzzer | This is a function to alarm the status change from green/yellow to red by beeping. |
| | Output connector | The following two outputs are exclusive according to the BER Mode (PN BER measurement/Air BER measurement). BER output Output for external BER measurement Two types of signals Data (Pos/Neg switch) and Clock (Rise/Fall switch) can be output. Connector: BNC-J Impedance: 75Ω Output level: 0 to 5 V (typ.) DVB-ASI output Connector used to input TS data after demodulation to an external MPEG decoder, etc. Connector: BNC-J Impedance: 75Ω Output level: 800 mVp-p (typ.) |
| | | |

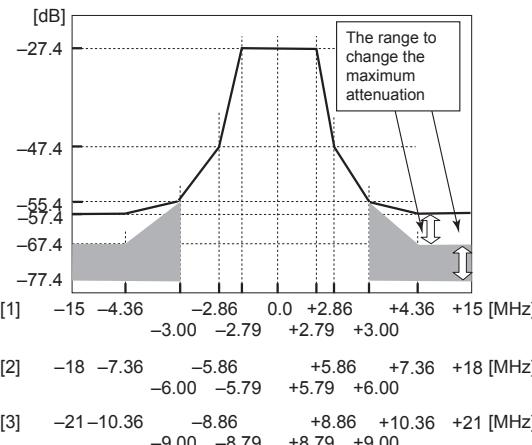
- MX890120B ISDB-T Signal Analysis Software

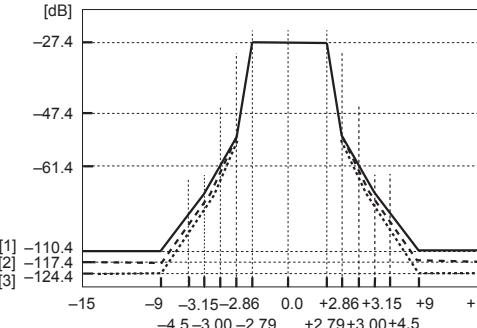
The specifications of the MX890120B are shown in the table below. These specifications are based on when the MX890120B is installed in the MS8901A. For performance specifications, each value is assumed to be obtained by implementing calibration after 30 minute preheating under constant ambient temperature conditions.

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Frequency | Setting range | When Interim-1 or Interim-2 is selected for Channel Map: 13 to 32 channels When UHF is selected for Channel Map: 13 to 62 channels Center frequency of transmission bandwidth for N channels: $473 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz (Interim-1, UHF) $473 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.15$ MHz (Interim-2) General is selected for Channel Map: 32 MHz to 3000 MHz, 1 Hz steps IF Band is selected for Channel Map: 3.9 MHz to 38 MHz, 1 Hz steps VHF is selected for Channel Map: 1 to 12 channels Nch center frequency of VHF $1 \leq N \leq 3: 93 + (N-1) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz $4 \leq N \leq 7: 173 + (N-4) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz $8 \leq N \leq 12: 195 + (N-8) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz CATV is selected for Channel Map: 13 to 63 channels Nch center frequency for CATV $13 \leq N \leq 21: 111 + (N-13) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz $N = 22: 167.142857$ MHz $23 \leq N \leq 63: 225 + (N-23) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz UHF (Brazil) is selected for Channel Map: 14 to 69 channels Nch center frequency for UHF (Brazil) $473 + (N-14) \times 6 + 0.142857$ MHz |
| | Offset frequency | 0 to 12 GHz |
| | Spectrum reverse | When General or IF Band is selected for Channel Map: Can be selected from Normal or Reverse. |
| Level | Setting mode | Reference setting: Inputs the reference level. Adjust range: The MS8901A measures input power for all bandwidth to determine the reference level. Refer to MER: The MS8901A measures MER at the Adjust Range execution and sets reference level so that the measured result becomes optimal. |
| | Reference setting range | -26 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off) -46 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On) |
| Signal information | Mode | Mode1, Mode2, Mode3 |
| | Guard interval | 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32 |
| | Modulation system | 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DQPSK, 64QAM (PR), 16QAM (PR), QPSK (PR), DQPSK (PR) PR: Partial reception |
| | System | TV: Fixed input mode. Performs measurement with user setting values (frequency, channel, level, spectrum reverse.) TV-Auto Select: RF/IF input auto switching mode. Measurement for user setting value and IF (37.15 MHz, spectrum reverse) input signal; whichever has the higher level. |
| Modulation analysis | When an OFDM modulation signal conforming to ISDB-T is input for a waveform | |
| | Equalizer switch function | Switches operation mode corresponding to the signal frequency response. Standard: MX890120A/A1/A2 compatible mode Advanced: Field use mode |
| | Reception segment switch function | Switches the number of segments to be analyzed. 13 Seg: Receives and analyzes all segments. 1 Seg: Receives and analyzes one segment. Note that the following parameters are not measured (can be selected) when 1 Seg is set: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mode 1 GI: All• Mode 2 GI: 1/16 and 1/32• Mode 3 GI: 1/32 |
| | Frequency range | 32 MHz to 1000 MHz |
| | Frequency lock range | ± 99 kHz |
| | Level range | -26 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off), -46 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On) |
| | Frequency measurement accuracy | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When mode: Mode3, guard interval: 1/8, segmentation offset: 512, modulation system for all segments of Layers_A to _C: 64QAM, average count: 5, 13 segments; ± 0.3 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy \times measurement frequency)• When mode: Mode1, guard interval: 1/4, segmentation offset: 128, modulation system for all segments of Layers_A to _C: DQPSK, average count: 5, 13 segments; ± 1.6 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy \times measurement frequency)• When option: The MS8901A-53 or the MS8901A-73 is installed, when mode: Mode3, guard interval: 1/8, segmentation offset: 512, modulation system for all segments of Layer_A to _C: 64QAM, average count: 5, ± 0.15 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy \times measurement frequency) When average count: 40 in the above condition ± 0.1 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy \times measurement frequency) |

| Modulation analysis | MER measurement item | Conventional (overall), Layer_A, Layer_B, Layer_C, TMCC, AC1, AC2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----------|----------------|--|--|--|-----|-----|------|------|-------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | Residual MER | Conventional value when mode: Mode3, guard interval: 1/8, segmentation offset: 512, modulation system for all segments of Layer_A to C: 64QAM, level: -20 dBm, Preamplifier Off, average count: 10, 13 segments; ≥ 44 dB (37.15 MHz, typ.) ≥ 42 dB (500 MHz, typ.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Constellation | Layer_A (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DQPSK) Layer_B (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DQPSK) Layer_C (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DQPSK) TMCC (DBPSK) AC1 (DBPSK) AC2 (DBPSK) Marker function: I and Q values at the marker can be read. Note that these specifications apply when Standard is selected for the Equalizer switch function. When Advanced is selected for the Equalizer switch function, both ends of the frequency bandwidth are displayed as invalid values. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Frequency response | Displays assuming the average level of 5.57 MHz bandwidth is 0 dB. Level axis: ± 2 , ± 5 , ± 10 , ± 20 , ± 50 dB Marker function: Relative level and frequency at the marker can be read. Correction: Frequency characteristic calibration can be performed using external signal source. Display range: Depends on the reception segment switch function settings: 13 Seg: 5.57 MHz band (13 Segments) 1 Seg: 0.43 MHz band (1 Segment) Note that these specifications apply when Standard is selected for the Equalizer switch function. When Advanced is selected for the Equalizer switch function, both ends of the frequency bandwidth are displayed as invalid values. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Segmentation offset | Specifies a position where analysis data is obtained within guard interval. The end of the guard interval is 0. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Mode</th> <th colspan="4">Guard interval</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1/4</th> <th>1/8</th> <th>1/16</th> <th>1/62</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode1</td> <td>0 to 512</td> <td>0 to 256</td> <td>0 to 128</td> <td>0 to 64</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode2</td> <td>0 to 1024</td> <td>0 to 512</td> <td>0 to 256</td> <td>0 to 128</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode3</td> <td>0 to 2048</td> <td>0 to 1024</td> <td>0 to 512</td> <td>0 to 256</td> </tr> </table> | Mode | Guard interval | | | | 1/4 | 1/8 | 1/16 | 1/62 | Mode1 | 0 to 512 | 0 to 256 | 0 to 128 | 0 to 64 | Mode2 | 0 to 1024 | 0 to 512 | 0 to 256 | 0 to 128 | Mode3 | 0 to 2048 | 0 to 1024 | 0 to 512 |
| Mode | Guard interval | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1/4 | 1/8 | 1/16 | 1/62 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mode1 | 0 to 512 | 0 to 256 | 0 to 128 | 0 to 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mode2 | 0 to 1024 | 0 to 512 | 0 to 256 | 0 to 128 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mode3 | 0 to 2048 | 0 to 1024 | 0 to 512 | 0 to 256 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signal parameter auto detection | Analyzes the signal input by user control (panel operation or remote control) to automatically detect the parameters required for modulation analysis. Frequency loci range: ± 99 kHz (typ.) Mode, GI, TMCC information auto detection: Analyzes the signal input by user control to automatically detect and set the mode, guard interval and TMCC information. TMCC information auto detection: Analyzes the signal input by user control to automatically detect and set the TMCC information. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-carrier MER | Displays MER of all sub-carriers, which exist in the bandwidth. MER axis: 20, 30, 40, 50, and 60 dB Magnify Window: Enables to enlarge the selected segment Worst Envelope Line: Displays the worst value of the sub-carrier MER as the line graph. Non-display or display can be selected. Marker Function: Enables to read MER and frequency with marker can select the current value or the worst value Peak Display: Enables to read the MER and frequency of the worst value. Can set the full screen, enlarged screen and non-display. Threshold Setting: Recognizes the sub-carrier worse than the threshold value set by MER Setting Range: 0 to 30 dB (based on the Conventional MER value) Display Range: there are two settings of the reception segment switching function 13 Seg: 5.57 MHz bandwidth (13 Segment) 1 Seg: 0.43 MHz bandwidth (1 Segment) All the above are based on the condition when Standard is selected with Equalizer switching function. When Advanced is selected with the equalizer switching function, both ends of the frequency bandwidth are displayed as invalid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| C/N | For CW (continuous wave) | | |
| | Frequency range | 32 MHz to 1000 MHz (except IF Band) | |
| | Offset frequency | 100 Hz to 10 MHz | |
| | C/N value | -140 to -40 dBc/Hz | |
| | Residual C/N | 500 MHz, -10 dBm; ≤95 dBc/Hz (1 kHz offset), ≤108 dBc/Hz (10 kHz offset), ≤118 dBc/Hz (100 kHz offset) | |
| | Frequency measurement accuracy | Input level: -20 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off) or -40 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On), for input signal of ±1 kHz from the set frequency, average count: 5; ±0.1 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy × measurement frequency) | |
| | Display resolution | 0.01 Hz | |
| | Marker function | Offset frequency and C/N value at the marker can be read. | |
| | Level range | -20 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off), -40 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On) | |
| | C/N integration function | Calculates C/N integral value for the specified range. C/N integral display range: -99.9 to 0 dBc C/N integral setting range: 100 Hz to 10 MHz, 1 Hz steps The frequencies of the integral start/stop points must be different. | |
| Spectrum mask | Measurement can be set with two methods | | |
| | Type A: Only 1 channel is fixed for the measurement channel numbers | | |
| | Frequency | 32 MHz to 2990 MHz (except IF Band) | |
| | Mask type | Transmission, User-1, User-2 | |
| | Transmission: Conforms to the transmission spectrum mask described in the "ARIB STD B31" (version 1.5). | | |
| | Mask break point |  <p>[1] 10 4.22 2.72 0.0 +3.0 +4.5 +10 2.86 2.65 2.93 3.14</p> <p>[2] 10 4.36 2.86 +2.86 +4.36 +10 3.00 2.79 2.79 3.00</p> | |
| | | <p>Difference from channel center frequency (MHz)</p> <p>Notes: [1] When Channel Map is set to other than General (except IF Band) [2] When Channel Map is set to General</p> | |
| | Pass/Fail judgment | Performs Pass/Fail judgment. Judged as "Fail" when the spectrum waveform exceeds the mask line. 0 dB line is not included in the criteria. | |
| | Marker function | Normal marker: Waveform frequency and relative level at the marker can be read. Delta marker: Frequency difference and relative level difference between any two points can be read. | |
| | Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement | Measures the bandwidth, where 99% of total power of 20 MHz span is included. 1 kHz resolution. | |
| | Level range | When frequency is from 32 MHz to 1000 MHz: -22 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off) (Frequency: 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) -42 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On) (Frequency: 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) | |
| | Spectrum mask line recall | Recalls the spectrum mask line by using a remote control command. | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-----|
| Spectrum mask | Type B: Channel number for measurement is three at maximum. Frequency measurement width (SPAN) is 30 MHz (± 15 MHz) at 1 channel measurement | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Frequency | 32 MHz to 2985 MHz (except IF Band) at 1 channel measurement However, when several waves are measured, the frequency range for measurement should not exceed over 3 GHz. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mask type | Transmission, User-1, User-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Frequency channel | 1 to 3 channel. However, several waves are limited to the adjacent continuous wave. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Station power | Selection of station power: High/Low/30 dB Mask • High: When the average power of the transmission or relay station is more than 2.5 W • Low: When the average power of the transmission or relay station is less than or equal to 2.5 W • 30 dB Mask: When the average power of the transmission or relay station is less than 0.25 W. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Average power setting range (Average power) | 0.25 W to 2.5 W Only when the station power is selected to Low 0.025 W to 0.249 W Only when the station power is 30 dB Mask | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mask break point | Transmission: Conforms to the transmission spectrum mask described in the Investigation Report from Spurious Committee  <p>The range to change the maximum attenuation</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="659 1090 1191 1185"> <tr> <td>[1]</td> <td>-15</td> <td>-4.36</td> <td>-3.00</td> <td>-2.86</td> <td>-2.79</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>+2.79</td> <td>+2.86</td> <td>+4.36</td> <td>+15</td> <td>[MHz]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[2]</td> <td>-18</td> <td>-7.36</td> <td>-5.86</td> <td>-6.00</td> <td>-5.79</td> <td>+5.86</td> <td>+5.79</td> <td>+6.00</td> <td>+7.36</td> <td>+18</td> <td>[MHz]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[3]</td> <td>-21</td> <td>-10.36</td> <td>-8.86</td> <td>-9.00</td> <td>-8.79</td> <td>+8.86</td> <td>+8.79</td> <td>+9.00</td> <td>+10.36</td> <td>+21</td> <td>[MHz]</td> </tr> </table> | [1] | -15 | -4.36 | -3.00 | -2.86 | -2.79 | 0.0 | +2.79 | +2.86 | +4.36 | +15 | [MHz] | [2] | -18 | -7.36 | -5.86 | -6.00 | -5.79 | +5.86 | +5.79 | +6.00 | +7.36 | +18 | [MHz] | [3] | -21 | -10.36 | -8.86 | -9.00 | -8.79 | +8.86 | +8.79 | +9.00 | +10.36 | +21 |
| [1] | -15 | -4.36 | -3.00 | -2.86 | -2.79 | 0.0 | +2.79 | +2.86 | +4.36 | +15 | [MHz] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| [2] | -18 | -7.36 | -5.86 | -6.00 | -5.79 | +5.86 | +5.79 | +6.00 | +7.36 | +18 | [MHz] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| [3] | -21 | -10.36 | -8.86 | -9.00 | -8.79 | +8.86 | +8.79 | +9.00 | +10.36 | +21 | [MHz] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Notes: | [1] When the number of Channel is set to 1: Center frequency = Set frequency [2] When the number of Channel is set to 2: Center frequency = Set frequency + 3 MHz [3] When the number of Channel is set to 3: Center frequency = Set frequency + 6 MHz User-1, User-2: Any arbitrary breakpoint can be set up to 50 points | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum attenuation | When station power is high: -77.4 dB When station power is low: 0.25 W < P \leq 2.5 W: $-(73.4 + 10 \log P)$ dB P \leq 0.25 W: -67.4 dB The value is gained, depending on the Average Power P [W]. When station power is 30 dB Mask, depending on the Average Power P [W]: 0.025 W \leq P < 0.25 W: $-(73.4 + 10 \log P)$ dB P \leq 0.025 W: -57.4 dB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency measurement width (SPAN) | Channel Number = 1: 30 (± 15) MHz Channel Number = 2: 36 (± 18) MHz Channel Number = 3: 42 (± 21) MHz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass/Fail judgment | Performs Pass/Fail judgment. Judged as "Fail" when the spectrum waveform exceeds the mask line. -27.4 dB line is not included in the criteria. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Marker function | Normal marker: Reads the frequency and relative level of the wave with marker Delta marker: Reads the difference of frequency and that of relative level between arbitrary 2 points | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement | Measures the bandwidth occupying 99% within the whole bandwidth power of 30 MHz span. Display: Only at 1 channel measurement Resolution: 1 kHz Display: Only at 1 channel measurement | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Level range | -22 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off) (Frequency 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) -42 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On) (Frequency 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mask line recall | Recalls the spectrum mask line by using a remote control command. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Spectrum mask | Frequency | 32 MHz to 2985 MHz (other than IF Band) |
| | Mask type | Transmission, User-1, User-2 |
| | Station power | Selects the station power: Critical/Sub-Critical/Non-Critical. |
| | Mask break point | <p>Transmission: Conforms to "ABNT NBR 15601: 2007."</p>  <p>Notes: [1] When Station Power is Non Critical: The maximum attenuation = -110.4 dB [2] When Station Power is Sub Critical: The maximum attenuation = -117.4 dB [3] When Station Power is Critical: The maximum attenuation = -124.4 dB User-1, User-2: Up to 50 break points can be set.</p> |
| | Marker function | Normal marker: Reads the frequency and relative level of the waveform with marker. Delta marker: Reads the difference of frequency and relative level difference between any 2 points.. Marker trace: Reads a mask line. |
| | Pass/Fail judgment | Performs pass-fail judgment. Judged as "Fail" when the spectrum waveform exceeds the mask line. -27.4 dB line is not included in the criteria. |
| | Level range | -22 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier: Off) (Frequency 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) -42 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier: On) (Frequency 32 MHz to 1000 MHz) |
| | Mask line recall | Recalls the spectrum mask line by using a remote control command. |
| | Filter characteristics file selection | Default, User-1, User-2, User-3 |
| Frequency counter | For CW (continuous wave) | |
| | Frequency range | 3.9 MHz to 1000 MHz |
| | Frequency measurement accuracy | When input level: -20 to +10 dBm (Preamplifier Off) or -40 to -10 dBm (Preamplifier On), for input signal of ± 1 kHz from the set frequency, average count: 5; ± 0.1 Hz + (reference frequency accuracy x measurement frequency) |
| | Display resolution | 0.01 Hz |
| Storage mode | For modulation analysis, C/N and frequency counter | |
| | Normal | Displays measured results every time. |
| | Average | Displays average for the set number of measured results. However, overwrites every 5 times for constellation. Average count: 2 to 100 Display method Every: Displays every measured result being averaged. Once: Updates display after averaging the set number of measured results. |
| | Max. hold | Displays the maximum value among the measured results up to the latest one. However, the minimum value is displayed for the MER value. Frequency is determined by the absolute value of the difference. Constellation display is overwritten every 5 times. The display of the sub-carrier MER waveform is same as Normal. |
| | Overwrite | Waveform display is overwritten without clearing the past measured results. Numeric values are displayed each time same as Normal display. |
| | Moving average | Displays the moving average for the set number of measured results. However, overwrites every 5 times for constellation. Invalid during C/N measurement. Average count: 2 to 100 Display method Every: Displays every measured result being averaged. Once: Updates display after averaging the set number of measured results. |
| | Measurement target | User setting value (RF) and preset value (IF) |
| RF/IF auto switch mode | Preset value | As IF, Channel Map is 37.15 MHz when General is set, spectrum reverse |
| | User setting items | RF: Channel Map/frequency/offset frequency/reference setting IF: Reference setting |
| | Measurement target display | RF: RF measurement, IF: IF measurement No Measure: Not measured |
| | Switch status display | (No display): Normal, Signal Loss: No signal, Signal Abnormal: Signal error |
| | Storage status display | (No display): Normal, Changed: Input is switched when storage mode is set to Average or Moving Average. |

Ordering Information

Please specify the model/order number, name and quantity when ordering.

The names listed in the chart below are Order Names. The actual name of the item may differ from the Order Name.

• MS8901A

| Model/Order No. | Name |
|-----------------|--|
| MS8901A | Main frame Digital Broadcast Signal Analyzer |
| | Standard accessories Power Code, 2.6 m: 1 pc Adapter (tripolar/dipolar conversion): 1 pc RS232C Cable: 1 pc Fuse, 6.3 A: 1 pc Front Cover for 3/4 MW 4U: 1 pc 50Ω to 75Ω Impedance Transformer: 1 pc MS8901A Operation Manual Vol. 1 (Basic Operation): 1 copy MS8901A Operation Manual Vol. 2 (Panel Operation): 1 copy MS8901A Operation Manual Vol. 3 (Programming): 1 copy File Transfer Utility: 1 pc |
| | Option MS8901A-01 Precision Frequency Reference (Aging Rate: $5 \times 10^{-10}/\text{day}$) MS8901A-02 Narrow Resolution Bandwidths (FFT) (1 Hz to 1 kHz) MS8901A-04 Digital Resolution Bandwidth (10 Hz to 1 MHz, RMS Detection Function) MS8901A-09 Ethernet Interface (10BASE-T) MS8901A-18 Low IF/IQ Unbalanced Input MS8901A-21 Power Meter MS8901A-34 4 GHz LO Output MS8901A-41 Power Meter Retrofit MS8901A-46 Auto Power Recovery MS8901A-47 Rack-mount (IEC) without Handles MS8901A-48 Rack-mount (JIS) without Handles MS8901A-53 High Accuracy Modulation Frequency Measurement (Option 73 retrofit) MU890100A ISDB-T Demodulation Unit*1 |
| | Measurement software ISDB-T Field Test Software (Attached to J1032 UHF Band Pass Filter) ISDB-T Signal Analysis Software |

| Model/Order No. | Name |
|-----------------|--|
| J0576D | Application parts Coaxial Cord, 2 m (N-P/ 5D-2W/ N-P) |
| J0127C | Coaxial Cord, 0.5 m (BNC-P, RG-58A/U, BNC-P) |
| J0127A | Coaxial Cord, 1 m (BNC-P, RG-58A/U, BNC-P) |
| J0007 | 408JE-104 GPIB Cable (1 m) |
| J0008 | GPIB Cable, 2 m |
| J1032 | UHF Bandwidth Pass Filter (460 MHz to 600 MHz) |
| MP59B | 50Ω Coaxial Switching Unit (DC to 3 GHz, Manual Switch) |
| MP640A | Branch (DC to 1700 MHz, 50Ω) |
| MP520C | CM Directional Coupler (25 MHz to 500 MHz, 50Ω) |
| MP520D | CM Directional Coupler (100 MHz to 1700 MHz, 50Ω) |
| MP721A | Fixed Attenuator (3 dB) |
| MP721B | Fixed Attenuator (6 dB) |
| MP721C | Fixed Attenuator (10 dB) |
| MP721D | Fixed Attenuator (20 dB) |
| MP721E | Fixed Attenuator (30 dB) |
| MP534A | Dipole Antenna (25 MHz to 520 MHz) |
| MP651A | Dipole Antenna (470 MHz to 1700 MHz) |
| MP635A | Log Periodic Antenna (80 MHz to 1000 MHz) |
| MP666A | Log Periodic Antenna (200 MHz to 2000 MHz) |
| MB9A | Tripod (for MP666A, MP651AB, MP534A/B) |
| MB19A | Tripod (for MP635A, MP666A, with pole) |
| B0452A | Hard Carrying Case with Caster |
| MA4701A | Power Sensor (10 MHz to 18 GHz, -30 to +20 dBm, N connector) |
| MA4703A | Power Sensor (50 MHz to 26.5 GHz, -30 to +20 dBm, SMA connector) |
| MA4705A | Power Sensor (50 MHz to 32 GHz, -30 to +20 dBm, SMA connector) |
| J0370A | Sensor Connecting Code, 1.5 m |

• MX890110A

| Model/Order No. | Name |
|-----------------|--|
| MX890110A | Measurement software ISDB-T Field Test Software |
| | Standard accessories UHF Band Pass Filter (460 MHz to 600 MHz): 1 pc Coaxial Cord, 30 cm (N-P/5D2W/N-P): 1 pc ANR-CFX00T64 (P) (Memory Card)*2: 1 pc MU890110A Operation Manual: 1 copy |
| | Option ISDB-T Demodulation Unit*1 |

• MX890120B

| Model/Order No. | Name |
|------------------|---|
| MX890120B | Measurement software ISDB-T Signal Analysis Software |
| Z0808 W2312AE | Standard accessories ANR-CFX00T64 (P) (Memory Card)*2: 1 pc MX890120B Operation Manual: 1 copy |
| MX890110A | Option ISDB-T Field Test Software*3 |

*1: MX890110A is necessary.

*2: Means ATA memory card, CompactFlash card or gettable memory card with a minimum size of 20 MB.

*3: This software can be used at the same time with MX890120B.

• **United States**

Anritsu Company

1155 East Colling Blvd., Suite 100, Richardson, TX 75081, U.S.A.
Toll Free: 1-800-267-4878
Phone: +1-972-644-1777
Fax: +1-972-671-1877

• **Canada**

Anritsu Electronics Ltd.

700 Silver Seven Road, Suite 120, Kanata, Ontario K2V 1C3, Canada
Phone: +1-613-591-2003
Fax: +1-613-591-1006

• **Brazil**

Anritsu Eletrônica Ltda.

Praça Amadeu Amaral, 27 - 1 Andar
01327-010 - Bela Vista - São Paulo - SP - Brazil
Phone: +55-11-3283-2511
Fax: +55-11-3288-6940

• **Mexico**

Anritsu Company, S.A. de C.V.

Av. Ejército Nacional No. 579 Piso 9, Col. Granada
11520 México, D.F., México
Phone: +52-55-1101-2370
Fax: +52-55-5254-3147

• **United Kingdom**

Anritsu EMEA Ltd.

200 Capability Green, Luton, Bedfordshire, LU1 3LU, U.K.
Phone: +44-1582-433200
Fax: +44-1582-731303

• **France**

Anritsu S.A.

12 avenue du Québec, Bâtiment Iris 1- Silic 612,
91140 VILLEBON SUR YVETTE, France
Phone: +33-1-60-92-15-50
Fax: +33-1-64-46-10-65

• **Germany**

Anritsu GmbH

Nemetschek Haus, Konrad-Zuse-Platz 1
81829 München, Germany
Phone: +49-89-442308-0
Fax: +49-89-442308-55

• **Italy**

Anritsu S.r.l.

Via Elio Vittorini 129, 00144 Roma, Italy
Phone: +39-6-509-9711
Fax: +39-6-502-2425

• **Sweden**

Anritsu AB

Borgarfjördsgatan 13A, 164 40 KISTA, Sweden
Phone: +46-8-534-707-00
Fax: +46-8-534-707-30

• **Finland**

Anritsu AB

Teknobulevardi 3-5, FI-01530 VANTAA, Finland
Phone: +358-20-741-8100
Fax: +358-20-741-8111

• **Denmark**

Anritsu A/S (Service Assurance)

Anritsu AB (Test & Measurement)
Kay Fiskers Plads 9, 2300 Copenhagen S, Denmark
Phone: +45-7211-2200
Fax: +45-7211-2210

• **Russia**

Anritsu EMEA Ltd.

Representation Office in Russia

Tverskaya str. 16/2, bld. 1, 7th floor.
Russia, 125009, Moscow
Phone: +7-495-363-1694
Fax: +7-495-935-8962

• **United Arab Emirates**

Anritsu EMEA Ltd.

Dubai Liaison Office

P O Box 500413 - Dubai Internet City
Al Thuraya Building, Tower 1, Suit 701, 7th Floor
Dubai, United Arab Emirates
Phone: +971-4-3670352
Fax: +971-4-3688460

• **India**

Anritsu India Private Limited

2nd & 3rd Floor, #837/1, Binnamangla 1st Stage,
Indiranagar, 100F Road, Bangalore - 560038, India
Phone: +91-80-4058-1300
Fax: +91-80-4058-1301

• **Singapore**

Anritsu Pte. Ltd.

60 Alexandra Terrace, #02-08, The Comtech (Lobby A)
Singapore 118502
Phone: +65-6282-2400
Fax: +65-6282-2533

• **P.R. China (Shanghai)**

Anritsu (China) Co., Ltd.

Room 1015, Tower A CITY CENTER of Shanghai,
No.100 Zunyi Road, Chang Ning District,
Shanghai 200051, P.R. China
Phone: +86-21-6237-0898
Fax: +86-21-6237-0899

• **P.R. China (Hong Kong)**

Anritsu Company Ltd.

Unit 1006-7, 10/F., Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza,
No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East,
Kowloon, Hong Kong, P.R. China
Phone: +852-2301-4980
Fax: +852-2301-3545

• **Japan**

Anritsu Corporation

8-5, Tamura-cho, Atsugi-shi, Kanagawa, 243-0016 Japan
Phone: +81-46-296-1221
Fax: +81-46-296-1238

• **Korea**

Anritsu Corporation, Ltd.

502, 5FL H-Square N B/D, 681
Sampyeong-dong, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si,
Gyeonggi-do, 463-400 Korea
Phone: +82-31-696-7750
Fax: +82-31-696-7751

• **Australia**

Anritsu Pty. Ltd.

Unit 21/270 Ferntree Gully Road, Notting Hill,
Victoria 3168, Australia
Phone: +61-3-9558-8177
Fax: +61-3-9558-8255

• **Taiwan**

Anritsu Company Inc.

7F, No. 316, Sec. 1, NeiHu Rd., Taipei 114, Taiwan
Phone: +886-2-8751-1816
Fax: +886-2-8751-1817

Please Contact: